Weekly Report

2015 Week 50 (December 13 - December 19) through 2016 Week 50 (December 11 - December 17)

Department of Health and Human Services
Division of Public and Behavioral Health
Office of Public Health Informatics and Epidemiology



Brian Sandoval Governor State of Nevada

Richard Whitley, MS Director Department of Health and Human Services

Cody L. Phinney, MPH
Administrator
Division of Public and Behavioral Health

John DiMuro, DO, MBA
Chief Medical Officer
Division of Public and Behavioral Health

Data for the graphs and tables on the following pages are provisional and may be updated as additional information becomes available.

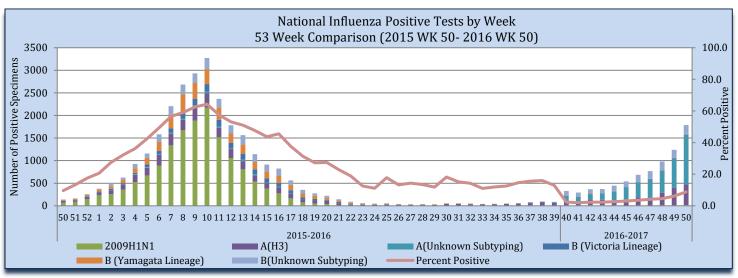
Purpose

The purpose of this report is to provide an overview of and statistics for the influenza season in Nevada for the local public health authorities, sentinel providers and the public.

Sentinel Provider Data: Influenza-Like Illness Network Surveillance (ILINet)

Respiratory specimens are tested for influenza by the World Health Organization (WHO) and National Respiratory and Enteric Virus Surveillance System (NRVESS) collaborating laboratories by sub-type. During week 50, there were 20,400 specimens collected and tested for influenza, of those 1,790 were positive (8.8%).

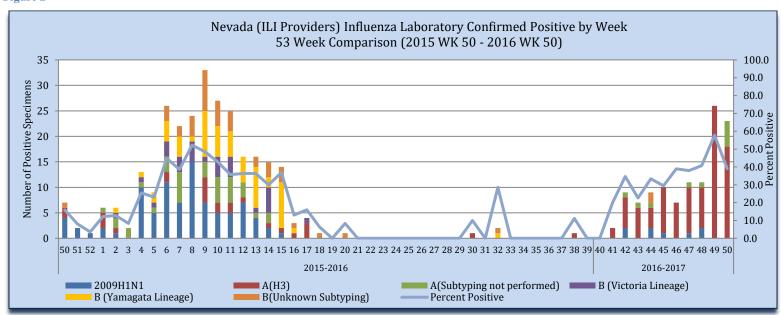
Figure 1



Source of Data: CDC: FluView Weekly Report.

The Nevada total includes laboratory tests for all Nevada residents tested by sentinel providers including out of state laboratories. During week 50, there were 59 specimens collected and 23 were positive (39.0%).

Figure 2



Source of Data: CDC: ILINet.

Nevada State Public Health Laboratory (NSPHL) has tested 124 specimens for influenza from sentinel providers, of which there have been 101 positive (81.5%). Southern Nevada Public Health Laboratory (SNPHL) has tested 33 specimens this season of which there have been 0 positives. Nationally, there have been 196,055 specimens sent to the WHO and NERVSS laboratories of which 7,187 have been positive (4.0%). The national numbers in Table 1 are reflected in Figure 1. The state of Nevada data in Table 1 is reflected in Figure 2. The Nevada total includes laboratory test for all Nevada residents tested by sentinel providers, including out of state laboratories.

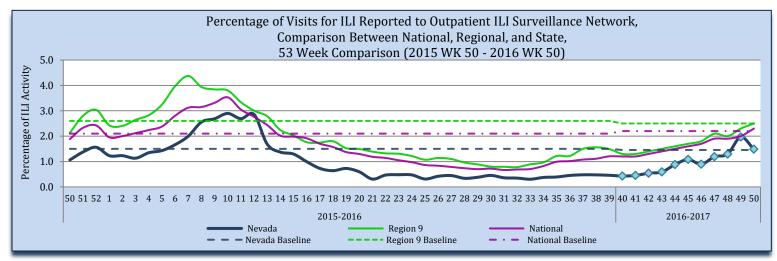
Table 1

	Influenza Specimens Tested State and Nationally through Sentinel Providers										
	NSPHL	SNPHL	All Other Laboratories	State of Nevada (Week 50)		State of Nevada (Season)		National (Week 50)		National (Season)	
				#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%
Specimens Tested	124	33	157	59		314		20,400		196,055	
Influenza Positives	101	0	14	23	39.0	115	36.6	1,790	8.8	7,809	4.0
Influenza A:	101	0	12	23	100	113	98.3	1,572	87.8	6,187	79.2
A (2009 H1N1)	7	0	1	0	0.0	8	7.1	12	.08	107	1.7
A (H3)	94	0	1	18	78.3	95	84.1	458	29.1	2,110	34.1
A (Sub-typing not performed)	0	0	10	5	21.7	10	8.8	1,102	70.1	3,970	64.2
<u>Influenza B:</u>	0	0	2	0	0.0	2	1.7	218	12.2	1,622	20.8
B (Victoria Lineage)	0	0	0	0	0.0	0	0.0	10	4.6	72	4.4
B (Yamagata Lineage)	0	0	0	0	0.0	0	0.0	10	4.6	52	3.2
B (Sub-typing not performed)	0	0	2	0	0.0	2	100	198	90.8	1,498	92.4

Source of Data: CDC: FluView Report and CDC: ILINet.

Influenza-like Illness (ILI) Surveillance Network has each sentinel provider report the number of patients seen that meet the ILI case definition and the total number of patients seen for any reason each week. The "percentage of visits for ILI" is the number of ILI patients divided by the total number of patients visit per week. Nevada's percentage of ILI visits for week 50 is 1.5% which is at the state baseline of 1.5%. Region 9 ILI percentage for week 50 is 2.5% which is at the region baseline 2.5%. Region 9 includes the following states/territory: Arizona, California, Guam, Hawaii, and Nevada. The national ILI percentage for week 50 is 2.3% which is above the national baseline 2.2%.

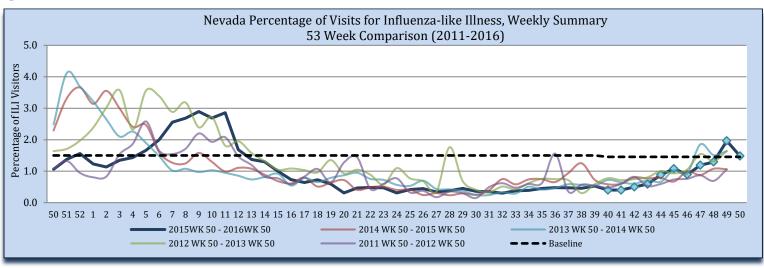
Figure 3



Source of Data: CDC: Flu View Report and CDC: ILINet.

During week 50, 1.5% of visits to sentinel providers were due to ILI; this is higher than the 2015-2016 influenza season (1.1%). There were 17,933 patients seen by sentinel providers during week 50, of which 266 patients presented with ILI; week 50 of 2015, there were 182 patients seen with ILI (17,128 total patients seen).

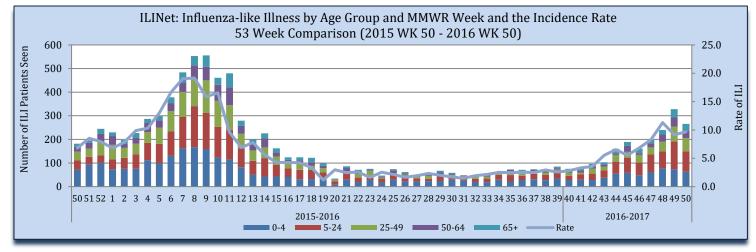
Figure 4



Source of Data: CDC: ILINet.

Influenza-like Illness is reported by age groups. During week 50, patients age 5-25 were the greatest number of patients seen with ILI, at 87 patients seen. The rate for week 50 is 9.2 per 100,000 population. The rate is calculated by the number of patients presented with ILI, divided by the state population, multiplied by 100,000. The estimated state population for 2016 is 2,902,853.

Figure 5



Source of Data: CDC: ILINet.

Influenza Positive Surveillance (NBS and NETSS)

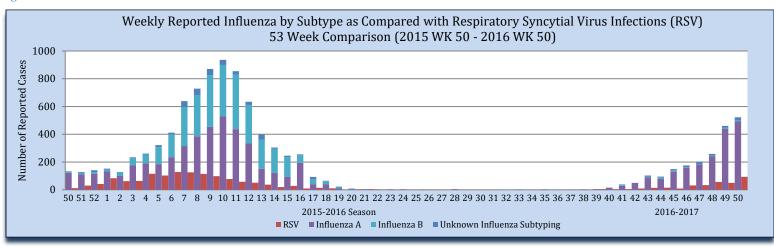
Positive cases of influenza are reported to the state health authority for surveillance purposes. Table 2 and Figure 6 reflect all positive influenza cases reported to the state. Types of influenza testing include commercial rapid diagnostic test (rapid), viral culture, fluorescent antibody, enzyme immunoassay, RT-PCR (PCR), and Immunohistochemistry. The two most common test types in Nevada are Rapid and PCR tests. During week 50, there were 523 influenza cases reported to the state, 495 influenza A, 8 influenza B and 20 unknown subtyping.

Table 2

	Reported Influenza Cases by County Jurisdiction and Influenza Type									
Reporting Jurisdiction		Current W	eek (Week 50))	Cumulative Influenza Season					
	A	В	Unknown	Total	A	В	Unknown	Total		
Carson City Health and Human Services	66	0	0	66	313	0	2	315		
Rural Community Health Services	28	0	0	28	193	8	11	212		
Southern Nevada Health District	152	6	5	163	432	34	22	488		
Washoe County Health District	249	2	15	266	970	19	69	1,058		
State of Nevada	495	8	20	523	1,908	61	104	2,073		

Source: OPHIE: NBS and SNHD: NETSS.

Figure 6



Source of Data: OPHIE: NBS and SNHD: NETSS.

Hospitalizations

There were 43 hospitalization associated with influenza reported to the state health authority for week 50.

Table 3

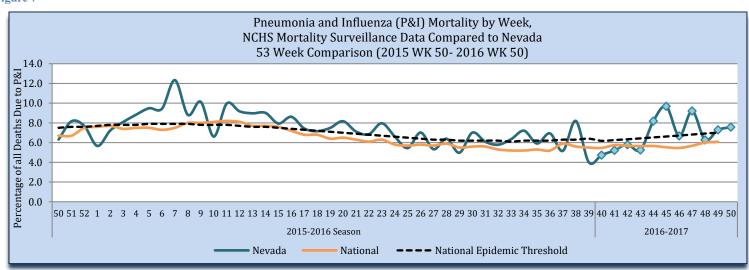
Influenza Hospitalizations								
Donouting Invigdication	Current Weel	k (Week 50)	Cumulative Influenza Season					
Reporting Jurisdiction	#	%	#	%				
Carson City Health and Human Services	0	0.0	3	1.7				
Rural Community Health Services	2	4.7	3	1.7				
Southern Nevada Health District	13	30.2	56	31.8				
Washoe County Health District	28	65.1	114	64.8				
State of Nevada	43	100	176	100				

Source: Reported to Office of Public Health Informatics and Epidemiology from each Jurisdiction.

Pneumonia and Influenza (P&I) Mortality Surveillance

The Pneumonia and Influenza (P&I) mortality percentage is all deaths, where Pneumonia or Influenza is listed as the underlying or contributing cause of death, divided by the total deaths in Nevada for each week. As of January 3rd, there were 28 P&I deaths and 370 total deaths for week 50 in Nevada. The P&I mortality percent for Nevada is at 7.6%. Nationally, the P&I mortality percent has not been published for week 50.

Figure 7



Source: OVR: WEVRRS and CDC: FluView.

Technical Notes

- Data are subject to changes, additionally, there is a lag in reporting.
- Influenza surveillance procedures vary by jurisdiction.
- Influenza-like illness (ILI): a fever greater than or equal 100°F with cough and/or sore throat.
- Percent positive: The number of positive influenza laboratory tests divided by the total number of tests performed.
- Incidence rate is per 100,000 population as estimated by the state demographer.

This report contains information from national and state-level data sources. Influenza surveillance data is collected by a various systems, including:

- Influenza-like Illness Network (ILINet): a sentinel surveillance system in collaboration with the Centers for the Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) where outpatient providers report ILI information weekly.
- National Electronic Telecommunication System for Surveillance (NETSS): a system whereby data is transmits to CDC. Influenza data collected through NETSS does not provide influenza sub-typing information.
- National Electronic Disease Surveillance System (NEDSS): a system for collecting data and monitoring disease trends and outbreaks.
- NEDSS Based System (NBS): an implementation of the NEDSS standards. It provides a secure, accurate, and efficient means of
 collecting, transmitting, and analyzing public health data.

Citations

- 1. CDC. FluView: A Weekly Influenza Surveillance Report. http://www.cdc.gov/flu/weekly/pastreports.htm.
- 2. Nevada State Demographer's Office. 2003-2020 ASRHO Estimates and Projections. Division of Public and Behavioral Health edition. Vintage 2015.
- 3. OPHIE. DPBH. NBS. 2015-2016. Accessed December 2017.
- 4. Office of Vital Records (OVR). DPBH. Web Enabled Vital Records Registry System (WEVRRS) [unpublished data]. 2015-2016. Accessed January 2017.
- 5. Southern Nevada Health District (SNHD). NETSS/Trisano. 2015-2016. Accessed January 2017.

Comments, suggestions, and requests for further information may be addressed to:

Nevada Influenza Surveillance Program
Office of Public Health Informatics and Epidemiology
500 Damonte Ranch pkwy, ste 657
Reno, NV 89521
Tel: (775) 684-5289

Tel: (775) 684-5289 Fax: (775) 684-5999

Compiled and Written by:

Liliana E. Wilbert, MPH

Reviewed by:

Jennifer Thompson Melissa Peek-Bullock

Recommended Citation:

Division of Public and Behavioral Health. Office of Public Health Informatics and Epidemiology. Influenza Weekly Report, 2015 Week 50 (December 13) through 2016 Week 50 (December 17), Nevada. December 2016 i 50 edition 1.0.

This publication was supported by Cooperative Agreement Number TP000534-02 from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention and/or Assistant Secretary for Preparedness and Response. Its contents are solely the responsibility of the authors and do not necessarily represent the official views of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention and/or Assistant Secretary for Preparedness and Response.

